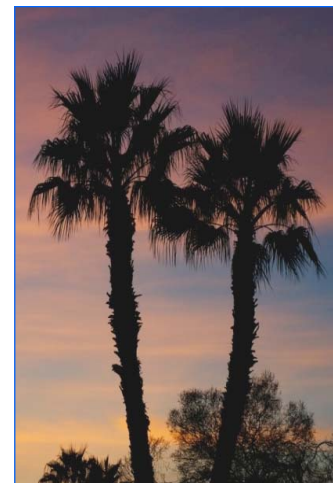
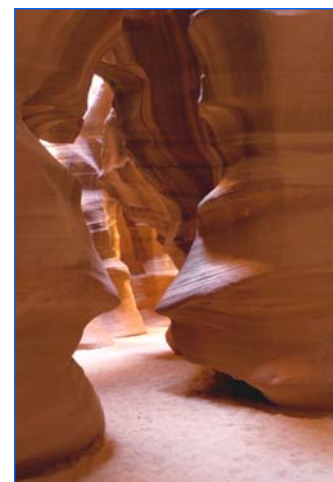


PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM



SUMMARY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT A PENSION TRUST FUND OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011



Brian Tobin
Chairman



Gregory Ferguson
Trustee

Photo
Not
Available

Lauren Kingry
Trustee



Alan Maguire
Trustee

Photo
Not
Available

Jeff McHenry
Trustee



Richard Petrenka
Trustee



Randy Stein
Trustee

BOARD OF TRUSTEES HIGHLIGHTS (BOARD AS OF JUNE 30, 2011)

- Brian Tobin, Chairman, was hired as a Phoenix Firefighter in 1983. He was elected to the United Phoenix Fire Fighters Association as a trustee in 1987. He has been elected to the Phoenix Fire Fighters Pension Board three times. He became Fire Captain in 1994, Battalion Chief in 2004, and Deputy Chief in 2007. *Term expires January 2013.*
- Greg Ferguson is a graduate of Arizona Western College and Northern Arizona University. He retired from the United States Marine Corps in 1994 after 26 years of service, including a tour in Vietnam. He has performed environmental work with the Yuma Proving Ground and the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality. He is currently serving on the Yuma County Board of Supervisors, where he has served as Chairman and Vice Chairman. *Term expires January 2012.*
- Lauren Kingry is the current Superintendent of the Arizona Department of Financial Institutions. He has also previously held CEO positions at Liberty Bank & Trust, Bank of Scottsdale and Valley Capital Bank. *Term expires January 2016.*
- Alan Maguire is a graduate of Arizona State University. He is the President and Principal Economist of The Maguire Company. He is past Chairman of the Arizona Town Hall, past chairman of the Arizona State Retirement System and previously served as the Economic Advisor to the Arizona State Senate. *Term expires January 2012.*
- Jeff McHenry has been a Tempe Police Officer since 1993, and a Police Sergeant since 2004. He is currently assigned to Patrol and is the President of the Tempe Officers Association. *Term expires January 2016.*
- Richard Petrenka is a graduate of Fairleigh Dickinson University. He served as Arizona Deputy State Treasurer for 16 years. He has also sat on the Boards of the State Water Infrastructure Finance Authority and Greater Arizona Development Authority. *Term expires January 2016.*
- Randie Stein, a graduate of the University of Arizona, has served as a member of the Senate Staff from 1989-1998. She also served as the Acting Executive Director of the Arizona School Facilities Board and was responsible for the initial implementation of the Students FIRST law. *Term expires January 2013.*

FISCAL YEAR HIGHLIGHTS

- The Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) had a total rate of return of 17.37% this year, which outperformed the benchmark by 1 basis point. Our equity portfolio had a return of 29.98%, which underperformed the equity benchmark by 131 basis points. Our fixed income portfolio had a return of 4.20%, which outperformed the fixed income benchmark by 30 basis points.
- As of June 30, 2011 the Future Benefit Increase Reserve was sufficient to enable a post-retirement adjustment of \$153.58 for qualifying retirees or their survivors beginning on July 1, 2011. After this adjustment, the Reserve balance was \$168.3 million.
- Retirement benefits paid totaled \$534.4 million for the current year, compared to \$469.5 for the previous year. This represents a 13.8% increase from the prior year.
- Although the FY2011 actual level of administrative spending exceeded the budgeted amount, the excess was the result of the cost of unexpected actuarial projection work that had to be done to facilitate the passage of SB 1609, the cost for replacement of air-conditioning units, and the costs associated with a number of lawsuits, including one involving the System's former Administrator whose pension benefit payments have significantly exceeded what the System's administration believes was allowable.
- The System's IT Program Development staff in conjunction with the System's Finance and Accounting staff worked closely with Wells Fargo Bank to plan for a smooth transition of the monthly benefit payroll process from in-house to the Bank, using the Wells Fargo Payment Manager Plus function. The Program Development staff has also been developing programming and processing changes associated with the Plan benefit changes and modifications made necessary by SB 1609.
- The System's IT Operations staff has continued to reduce the number of physical servers through increased use of "virtualization" in the System's production environment. The IT Operations staff also implemented a new switching infrastructure that has increased performance and the stability of the System's network and will facilitate a smooth implementation of a new phone system.

NEW INITIATIVES FOR FY2012

- Filling a number of new or vacant staffing positions, including one for a Deputy Administrator and an in-house Investment Counsel.
- Preparing the GRS actuaries and staff in case any of SB 1609's provisions are successfully challenged in court and the System has to refund contributions to members or "undo" actions taken in conformance with the new law's requirements.
- Completing, through the Wells Fargo Payment Manager Plus capability, the out-sourcing of the monthly PSPRS beneficiary payroll and planning for the assumption by Wells Fargo of other processes such as the refund and year-end 1099 processes.

MESSAGE FROM THE ADMINISTRATOR

Dear Members,

I am pleased to present the PSPRS Summary Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This report provides financial information about the System's financial status, investment performance, and highlights significant changes that occurred during the year. The information in this report is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). To view the full CAFR, please refer to the last page of this report.



Jim Hacking
Administrator

ACTUARIAL AND FUNDING INFORMATION

Funding a retirement system on a sound actuarial reserve basis involves the accumulation of substantial reserves to guarantee the payment of promised benefits. These reserves are invested and the rate of investment earnings, over time, is a major factor in determining the employer contribution requirement to meet the calculated level cost of the Plan.

The PSPRS Plan has been funded through a statutory member contribution of 7.65% of gross payroll, an employer contribution that is expressed as a level percent of gross payroll and reset annually, depending on the Plan's actuarial valuation results, fire insurance premium tax revenues and the realized and unrealized returns on the invested assets of the Plan. The firefighter groups receive a percentage of the fire insurance premium tax revenues, which serve to reduce the employer contributions that would otherwise be required.

The most commonly used measure of a retirement system's funding progress is the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to actuarial accrued liability, often referred to as the "percent funded." The percent funded for the PSPRS Plan had declined steadily for six consecutive years through FY2007. Following two years of modest improvement, the funding ratio started to deteriorate again last fiscal year. That trend has unfortunately continued this year. From FY2010 to FY2011, the funding ratio has declined from 65.8% to 61.9%. Given the System's seven year averaging of investment results (actuarial "smoothing"), much of the effect of the FY2008 and FY2009 negative rates of return are yet to be reflected in the funding ratio of the Plan; therefore, the expectation is that the funding ratio will deteriorate further in the future.

While each employer has a different contribution rate, depending on the liability for its group of participating employees, the current aggregate rate for the contributing employers is 22.68%. The aggregate rate that will take effect on July 1, 2012 will be 27.18%. Further decline in the Plan's funding ratio will cause employer rates to rise even further.

ENACTED LEGISLATION

During FY2011, the State Legislature approved, and the Governor signed, two bills that were of significance; one was of great significance. The first was SB 1317 which made many administrative, technical and clarifying changes to the PSPRS, CORP and EORP statutes. These include a clarification that compensatory time used by a PSPRS employee in lieu of overtime pay is pensionable; a clarification that fire recruits, at a local board's discretion, may participate in PSPRS while in training; a provision that limits the retroactive payment of a pension to 90 days prior to the date the member applies for benefits; and provisions that reconcile all the different local board reporting requirements, including Title 12, with Title 38 to ensure consistency with notification requirements to the System.

The second bill, SB1609, made many changes to current PSPRS, CORP and EORP statutes; these changes are intended to strengthen the financial status of the underfunded Plans. Among other things, SB 1609 prohibited any new in-flows of assets to the Reserves of the Plans administered by PSPRS. It also replaced the old post-retirement adjustment formulas for the Plans with a new one (effective July 1, 2013) that will provide adjustments only periodically, not annually. In addition, it increased PSPRS and EORP participant contributions requirements while also imposing a "maintenance of effort" requirement on contributing employers. Finally, it reduced benefits for "new hires" in all three Plans.

SUMMARY

I look forward to the challenge of moving the System forward with a program of constructive and comprehensive change that will maintain high quality customer service and restore the PSPRS Plan to a path of improving financial status.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jim Hacking". The signature is fluid and cursive.

James M. Hacking
Administrator

SUMMARY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS

ASSET CATEGORY	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010	AMOUNT OF CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$ 133,229,727	\$ 54,071,805	\$ 79,157,922	146.39%
Total Receivables	25,062,275	81,120,430	(56,058,155)	(69.10)%
Total Investments	5,088,726,923	4,488,031,721	600,695,202	13.38%
Securities Lending Collateral	358,848,471	494,161,031	(135,312,560)	(27.38)%
Net Capital Assets	3,804,943	3,836,429	(31,486)	(0.82)%
Total Plan Assets	5,609,672,339	5,121,221,416	488,450,923	9.54%
Accrued Accounts Payable	256,039	296,411	(40,372)	(13.62)%
Investment Purchases Payable	33,924,977	40,900,571	(6,975,594)	(17.06)%
Securities Lending Collateral	358,848,471	494,161,031	(135,312,560)	(27.38)%
Total Plan Liabilities	393,029,487	535,358,013	(142,328,526)	(26.59)%
Net Assets	\$ 5,216,642,852	\$ 4,585,863,403	\$ 630,779,449	13.75%

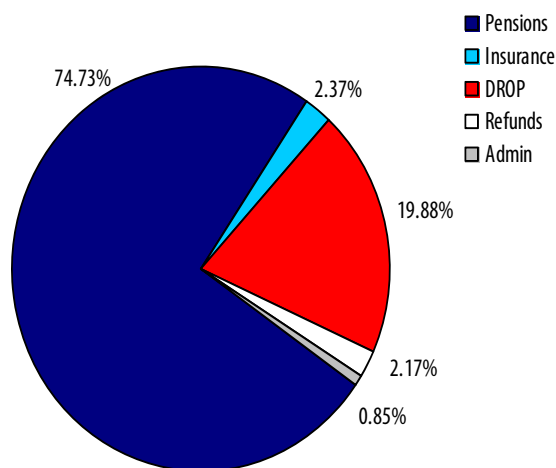
Net Assets are the resources available to pay pension benefits in the future. Net assets increased \$630.8 million in fiscal year 2011.

SUMMARY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS

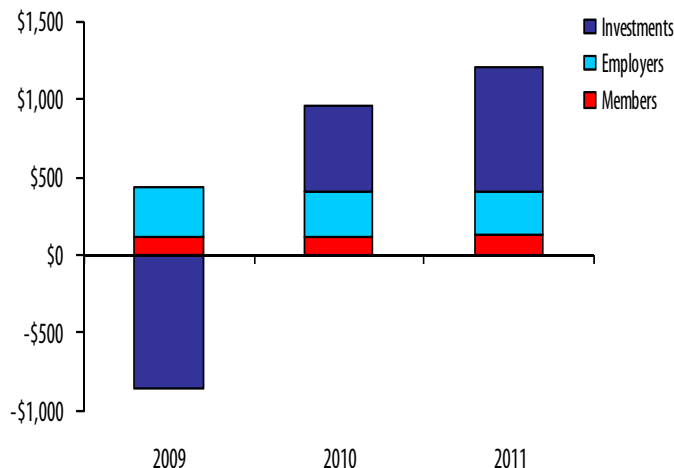
ASSET CATEGORY	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010	AMOUNT OF CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE
Total Contributions	\$ 406,044,962	\$ 400,959,722	\$ 5,085,240	1.27%
Net Investment Income (Loss)	789,263,727	553,076,513	236,187,214	42.70%
Transfers and Service Purchases	304,181	758,603	(454,422)	(59.90)%
Total Additions (Reductions)	1,195,612,870	954,794,838	240,818,032	25.22%
Benefits	547,787,621	469,481,695	78,305,926	16.68%
Service Transfers and Refunds	12,269,412	10,218,513	2,050,899	20.07%
Administrative Expenses	4,776,388	4,932,349	(155,961)	(3.16)%
Total Deductions	564,833,421	484,632,557	80,200,864	16.55%
Net Increase (Decrease)	630,779,449	470,162,281	160,617,168	34.16%
Beginning of Year Net Assets	4,585,863,403	4,115,701,122	470,162,281	11.42%
End of Year Net Assets	\$ 5,216,642,852	\$ 4,585,863,403	\$ 630,779,449	13.75%

Changes in Net Assets summarize the income and expense components of the plan. Net Investment Income increased \$236.2 million in fiscal year 2011.

EXPENSES BY TYPE



REVENUES BY SOURCE (in millions)



NOTES FROM THE CHIEF INVESTMENT OFFICER



Ryan Parham
Chief Investment Officer

PERFORMANCE COMPUTATION STANDARDS

The investment performance rates of return are calculated on a total return basis, using time-weighted rates of return, based upon market values. Investment amounts are reflected at Fair Market Value. Real Estate, Private Equity, Credit Opportunities and Real Assets are valued on a quarter lag basis adjusted for cash flows.

Performance is calculated on an accrual basis provided that the accrual information is available from the custodian or record-keeper. The rates of return are generated by asset class and include cash holdings.

STATUS

In 2002 the portfolio was invested only in the United States and in just four asset classes. (see Asset Allocations below) Today it is invested in ten asset classes with a truly global exposure. Recent efforts by the Board, Staff and the PSPRS Consultants have been designed to diversify the portfolio creating new areas of return that will protect the portfolio from downturns and yet give good returns when markets are up. The results we have worked for are starting to be demonstrated in the portfolio. For example, Opportunistic credit investments which often do better than equities when markets are down, returned 18.36% in FY 2011. Global tactical investments which do not rely exclusively on the U.S. economy returned 21.21% in FY 2011. Real Assets which have strong downside protection and also serve to protect against inflation, returned a respectable 6.83% in 2011. These new asset classes contributed to the strong overall return but helped the portfolio generate the return with approximately one half of the risk of the S&P 500 stock index. The new portfolio construction also helps to buffer the downside volatility of extreme events. While the portfolio was in its early stages of diversification in 2009, equities in the FY were down about 27% and the portfolio was only down 17.73%. This is the PSPRS “Holy Grail,” i.e. a portfolio that protects against the downside while still capturing a significant portion of the upside in rising markets.

The Fund now has positive returns in 7 of the last 10 years. Its ten year average return has improved from last years’ 0.36% to approximately 3.88% this year. We continue to improve against a backdrop of extremely volatile and uncertain global markets and with the continued drag of our legacy Arizona Real Estate portfolio. As Arizonans are aware, some Arizona real estate assets including homes are currently selling for as little as 30% of their 2007 valuations. Because the PSPRS Trust invested heavily in Arizona real estate in the 1990’s and early 2000’s the system’s returns have been severely impacted by those losses. A “plain vanilla” diversified real estate portfolio would have held up better and improved returns in 2011 from 17.4% to approximately 20%. It would also have moved our three year average ranking to peers from about middle of the pack to the top quarter of retirement plans.

CONCLUSION

We continue to make significant progress in building a high performing and resilient portfolio. Greater stability achieving our expected return will over time improve the funding ratios of the plan. Accomplishing these goals in extremely turbulent economic environments is difficult but has helped to demonstrate the greater downside protection of the portfolio.

INVESTMENT RETURNS

	1 YEAR	3 YEAR	5 YEAR
PSPRS Trust Total Fund*	17.37%	3.09%	3.53%
<i>Balanced Index</i> **	17.36%	1.24%	2.40%
PSPRS Trust Equity*	29.98%	4.91%	4.19%
<i>Equity Benchmark</i> ***	31.29%	2.79%	3.10%
PSPRS Trust Fixed Income*	4.20%	5.26%	5.26%
<i>Fixed Income Index</i> ****	3.90%	6.46%	6.52%

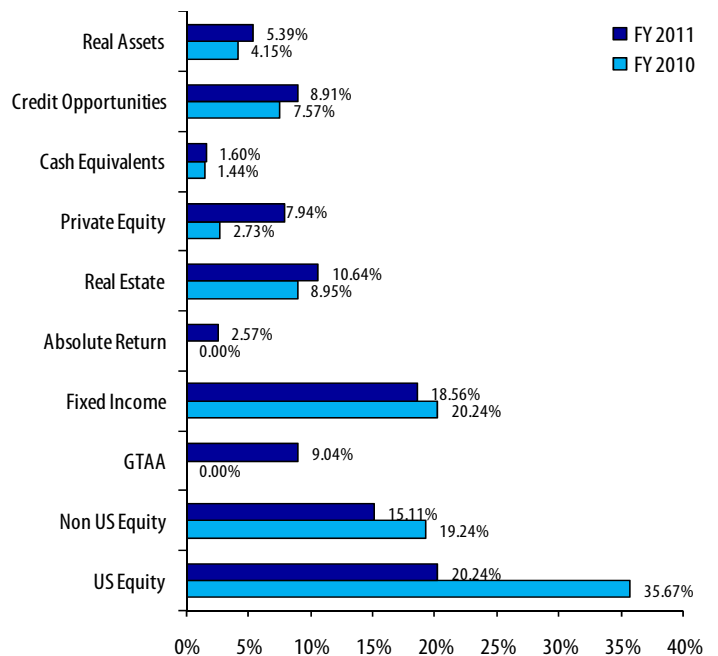
* Time weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return.

** Benchmark: 20% Russell 3000, 15% MSCI World Ex-US Net, 8% 3-Month LIBOR + 300 bps, 20% BC Aggregate, 4% 91-Day T-Bill + 200 bps, 9% ML US High Yield BB-B Constrained, 8% Russell 3000 + 100 bps, 6% CPI + 200 bps, 8% NCREIF NPI and 2% 91-Day T-Bill.

*** Benchmark: 57.14% Russell 3000, and 42.86% MSCI World Ex-US.

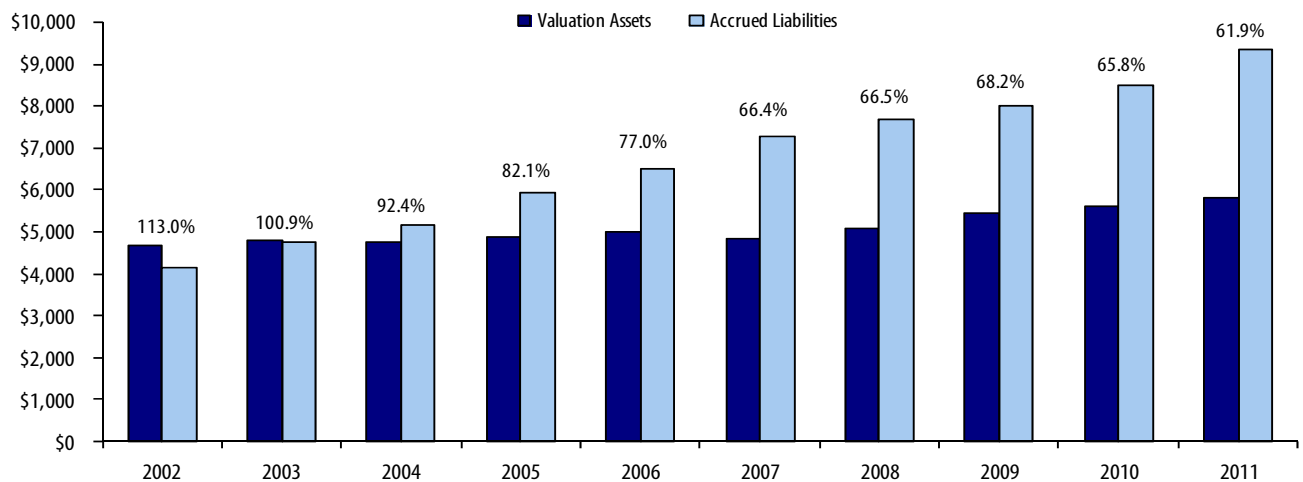
**** Benchmark: 100% BC Aggregate.

ASSET ALLOCATION



FUNDING PROGRESS

(IN MILLIONS)



SUMMARY OF EXPERIENCE GAIN (LOSS) (+000)

CATEGORY	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
UAAL Start of Year	\$ 2,900,518	\$ 2,543,954	\$ 2,567,134	\$ 2,438,770	\$ 1,495,101
Normal Cost	267,461	281,260	275,342	245,345	202,848
Funding Method Contributions	406,045	(413,457)	(429,620)	(330,713)	(262,217)
Interest Accrual	240,654	210,618	211,650	203,667	124,561
Expected UAAL Before Changes	3,002,588	2,622,375	2,624,506	2,557,069	1,560,293
Change From Benefit Increases	154,777	139,653	125,692	None	None
Change in Actuary Methods	381,347	None	(121,887)	None	238,919
Change in Future Benefit Increase Reserve	(130,358)	(34,602)	(260,429)	None	None
Expected UAAL After Changes	3,408,354	2,727,426	2,367,882	2,557,069	1,799,212
Actual UAAL	3,569,616	2,900,518	2,543,954	2,567,134	2,438,770
Gain (Loss)	(160,962)	(173,092)	(176,072)	(10,065)	(639,558)

According to this schedule the Unfunded Actuarial Liability increased by \$161.0 million during fiscal year 2011.

HISTORICAL TRENDS (+000)

VALUATION JUNE 30,	FISCAL YEAR	VALUATION ASSETS	UNFUNDED LIABILITIES	ACCRUED LIABILITIES	FUNDED RATIO	EMPLOYER RATE (AVG)	EMPLOYEE RATE
2002	2004	4,684,386	(540,175)	4,144,211	113.0%	7.66%	7.65%
2003	2005	4,781,377	(41,764)	4,739,613	100.9%	10.05%	7.65%
2004	2006	4,774,313	393,020	5,167,333	92.4%	12.80%	7.65%
2005	2007	4,886,963	1,064,974	5,951,937	82.1%	13.83%	7.65%
2006	2008	4,999,911	1,495,101	6,495,012	77.0%	16.52%	7.65%
2007	2009	4,829,521	2,438,770	7,268,291	66.4%	21.71%	7.65%
2008	2010	5,095,645	2,567,134	7,662,779	66.5%	20.77%	7.65%
2009	2011	5,445,497	2,543,954	7,989,451	68.2%	20.89%	7.65%
2010	2012	5,591,304	2,900,518	8,491,822	65.8%	22.68%	8.65%
2011	2013	5,795,945	3,569,316	9,365,261	61.9%	27.18%	9.65%

As the funding ratio of the plan has declined, the aggregate employer contribution rate has escalated. The employer rate is set in accordance with the results of the annual actuarial valuation. The employee rate is fixed by statute.

STATISTICAL DATA

ACTIVE MEMBER DATA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	# ACTIVE MEMBERS	PAYROLL +000	AGE (YEARS)	SERVICE (YEARS)	AVG. PAY	INCREASE IN AVG. PAY
2002	15,557	854,249	36.9	9.4	54,911	2.8%
2003	15,530	881,285	37.0	9.5	56,747	3.3%
2004	15,852	911,718	37.1	9.5	57,514	1.4%
2005	16,317	974,863	37.6	9.5	59,745	3.9%
2006	17,324	1,073,685	37.4	9.0	61,977	3.7%
2007	18,624	1,228,037	37.3	8.9	65,903	6.3%
2008	19,912	1,383,332	37.3	8.9	69,472	5.4%
2009	19,867	1,415,643	37.8	9.4	71,256	2.6%
2010	19,468	1,400,547	38.4	10.0	71,941	1.0%
2011	18,638	1,325,350	38.6	10.2	71,110	(1.2)%



Jared Smout
Deputy Administrator

Active membership decreased slightly during fiscal year 2011.

RETIRED MEMBER AND SURVIVOR DATA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	NORMAL	DISABILITY	SURVIVORS	TOTALS	ANNUAL PENSIONS	AVERAGE PENSION	RATIO OF ACTIVE TO RETIRED
2002	4,315	872	802	5,989	184,212,972	30,759	2.6 to 1
2003	4,419	912	853	6,184	207,616,176	33,573	2.5 to 1
2004	4,563	942	891	6,396	224,162,361	35,047	2.5 to 1
2005	4,733	1,012	943	6,688	244,294,740	36,527	2.5 to 1
2006	4,935	1,061	978	6,874	265,826,712	38,671	2.5 to 1
2007	5,625	1,128	880	7,633	307,657,629	40,306	2.4 to 1
2008	5,986	1,195	1,060	8,241	342,845,751	41,602	2.4 to 1
2009	6,307	1,211	1,091	8,609	379,007,918	44,025	2.3 to 1
2010	6,557	1,252	1,145	8,954	410,594,624	45,856	2.2 to 1
2011	7,015	1,314	1,193	9,522	454,571,881	47,739	2.0 to 1

Does not include DROP.

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT INCREASES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	EXCESS YIELD PER STATUTE	EXCESS EARNINGS	RESERVE UTILIZED	EXCESS EARNINGS AVAILABLE	BENEFIT INCREASE 4% CAP
2002	-	-	(61,603,276)	502,456,646	\$ 102.53
2003	-	-	(67,995,889)	468,125,352	\$ 111.90
2004	5.97%	107,495,840	(77,066,484)	568,619,029	\$ 116.82
2005	0.11%	2,198,002	(85,121,958)	537,513,325	\$ 121.76
2006	-	-	(91,412,190)	490,714,741	\$ 127.06
2007	8.05%	190,317,350	(101,767,604)	662,931,350	\$ 134.34
2008	-	-	(114,771,709)	499,951,273	\$ 138.66
2009	-	-	(125,721,193)	285,613,717	\$ 146.74
2010	4.47%	90,856,517	(139,653,075)	275,289,327	\$ 152.84
2011	-	-	(154,776,639)	168,330,444	\$ 153.58

Benefit increases are dependent upon an available balance in the System's excess earnings reserve.

VISION

- Invest, secure and manage responsibly the retirement funds of its members in accordance with all legal, investment and financial requirements and in a manner consistent with the quality to which its members have become accustomed.

MISSION

- To be a low cost, highly personalized quality service provider of funds management and benefit services.
- To manage long-term investments with the goal of consistently outperforming over time the composite weighted market return benchmark net of all investment related costs so as to assure the financial integrity of the funds and the security of the benefits these funds provide.

VALUES

- Do what is best for our members and financial health and integrity of the System.
- Be proactive.
- Committed to high quality, uniform, sustainable service.
- Innovative and cost effective in Plan administration and services.
- Use best practices in HR management.

This booklet provides a summary of the data contained in the PSPRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The booklet does not contain all the information and schedules necessary to be in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). However, the CAFR is produced in conformity with GAAP and can be obtained by visiting our website at www.psprs.com.

PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

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PHOENIX, AZ 85016-4416